Problems on Matrix Diagonalization

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Abstract

This document contains 150 different sets of matrices. Each set has five 3×3 matrices, with one matrix each of the following type:

1. All three eigenvalues are different;

2. Two eigenvalues are same and there are two linearly independent eigenvectors for this eigenvalue;

3. Two eigenvalues are equal and there is only one linearly independent eigenvector for this eigenvalue;

4. All the three eigenvalues are equal, and the matrix has in all two linearly independent eigenvectors;

5. All the three eigenvalues are equal, but the matrix has only one linearly independent eigenvector;

6. Answers on A4 size paper only. Attach the question paper with your answer sheets.

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & -7 & 1 \\ 5 & 5 & -1 \\ -3 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 ${\rm SetId}{:}\, I$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & -7 & 6 \\ 8 & 8 & -6 \\ -5 & -5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: II

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & -6 & -9 \\ 4 & 5 & 4 \\ 6 & 4 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 5 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 & -5 \\ 5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: III

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \left(\begin{pmatrix} -7 & -6 & -7 \\ -6 & -3 & -6 \\ 2 & 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \right) \qquad (b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : IV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & -6 & 5\\ 7 & 6 & -5\\ -4 & -4 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 4\\ -2 & -1 & 2\\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0\\ -1 & 1 & 1\\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2\\ 0 & -2 & 1\\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6\\ 3 & -2 & -3\\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: V

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & -3 & -5 \\ 7 & 3 & 5 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & -6 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: \operatorname{VI}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -8 & 5 \\ 7 & 9 & -5 \\ -6 & -6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: VII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -6 & 3 \\ 5 & 5 & -3 \\ -4 & -4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 8 & -8 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: VIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -5 & 4 \\ 6 & 5 & -4 \\ -3 & -3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: IX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 0 & -2 \\ -3 & 0 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & 6 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: X

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 5 & -6 \\ -6 & 5 & -6 \\ 4 & -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: \operatorname{XI}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 8 & -6 \\ -8 & 9 & -8 \\ 3 & -4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -9 & 2\\ 2 & 6 & -2\\ -5 & -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -6 & -3\\ 0 & -1 & -1\\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0\\ -1 & 1 & 1\\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2\\ 1 & 2 & -2\\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4\\ -1 & 0 & 1\\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -7 & 1 \\ 5 & 7 & -1 \\ -3 & -3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -6 & 0 \\ 4 & -3 & 4 \\ 6 & 6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -4 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: \operatorname{XV}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -3 & 3\\ 2 & 0 & -2\\ -6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0\\ 8 & -2 & -4\\ -4 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3\\ 3 & -1 & 3\\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6\\ -1 & -1 & -2\\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6\\ 3 & -2 & -3\\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: \operatorname{XVI}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & -2 \\ -3 & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 5 & 5 \\ -2 & 4 & 3 \\ -8 & 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 6 & -4 \\ -6 & 6 & -6 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & 3\\ 5 & 7 & -3\\ -4 & -4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2\\ 2 & 3 & 2\\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2\\ 0 & -3 & 6\\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0\\ -1 & 1 & 0\\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3\\ 8 & 8 & 4\\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -5 & 3\\ 7 & 8 & -3\\ 5 & 5 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0\\ 2 & 4 & 0\\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0\\ -1 & 1 & 1\\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0\\ -1 & 1 & 0\\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1\\ 2 & -1 & -2\\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: XXI$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -4 & -2 \\ 7 & 7 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: \operatorname{XXII}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -4 & 1 \\ -3 & -3 & 3 \\ -6 & -6 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -4 & 5\\ 3 & 3 & -5\\ 4 & 4 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 5 & -5\\ -5 & 3 & -5\\ 5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3\\ 3 & -1 & 3\\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0\\ 3 & 1 & -6\\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4\\ -1 & 0 & 1\\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -3 & -1 \\ -2 & 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: XXV$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & -5 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -1 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & -6 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -1 & 2 \\ -4 & -1 & 2 \\ -5 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 0 & -6 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 8 & -8 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & 2 \\ -4 & 2 & 2 \\ 4 & -4 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: XXX$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 4 & 4 \\ -7 & 7 & 4 \\ 7 & -7 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & 6 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 4 & 4 \\ -5 & 5 & 4 \\ 5 & -5 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 6 \\ -2 & 4 & 5 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 6\\ 2 & 0 & 3\\ -6 & 6 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -6 & -3\\ 0 & -1 & -1\\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7\\ 1 & -3 & 1\\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0\\ -1 & 1 & 0\\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2\\ 2 & -2 & 5\\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -7 & 1\\ 1 & 5 & -1\\ -5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0\\ -2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3\\ -2 & -3 & 3\\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0\\ -1 & 1 & 0\\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4\\ -1 & 0 & 1\\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXV
M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -6 & -4 \\ -5 & -2 & -5 \\ 6 & 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -4 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -4 & -6 \\ 5 & 6 & 6 \\ 5 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 8 & -2 & -4 \\ -4 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -4 & -5 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 4 & 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -3 & -5 \\ 4 & 4 & 5 \\ 4 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XXXIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XL

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & -8 \\ 1 & -2 & 8 \\ 4 & 0 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XLI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 & 1 \\ 5 & -3 & -3 \\ -7 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XLII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 5 & 5\\ 6 & -4 & 1\\ -6 & 6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 4\\ 0 & -3 & 0\\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3\\ -2 & -3 & 3\\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2\\ -1 & -4 & -1\\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1\\ 2 & -1 & -2\\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : XLIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 6 & -2 \\ 4 & 2 & 4 \\ 7 & -6 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XLIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -5 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & -1 \\ -3 & -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 5 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 & -5 \\ 5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XLV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 & 1 \\ 5 & 6 & -1 \\ 3 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XLVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 & -5 \\ 4 & 3 & 5 \\ -2 & -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XLVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & -6 \\ 0 & -2 & 6 \\ 3 & 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & -6 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XLVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & 1 & 6 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XLIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & -4 \\ -1 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: L

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 3\\ 0 & -2 & 6\\ -2 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & 6\\ 0 & -3 & 6\\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2\\ 0 & -3 & 6\\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0\\ 3 & 1 & -6\\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0\\ -2 & 1 & -1\\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : LIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 & -6 \\ 2 & -2 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 & -2 \\ -5 & 6 & -7 \\ -1 & 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -6 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 & 3\\ 2 & -1 & 1\\ -4 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0\\ -2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3\\ 3 & -1 & 3\\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2\\ 4 & -1 & -2\\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2\\ 2 & -2 & 5\\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 & 3\\ 4 & -3 & 0\\ -6 & 6 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 & 0\\ 0 & 2 & 0\\ -4 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3\\ 4 & 0 & 5\\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2\\ -1 & -4 & -1\\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4\\ -1 & 0 & 1\\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -3 & -3 \\ 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 8 & -2 & -4 \\ -4 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & -2 \\ -1 & -2 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & -3 \\ -3 & -3 & 3 \\ -7 & -7 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & -8 \\ 4 & 3 & 8 \\ -4 & -4 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & 2 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & -3 \\ 6 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 5 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 & -5 \\ 5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 & 3 \\ -4 & -4 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 & -7 \\ -1 & -5 & 7 \\ -5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ -1 & -3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & -6 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 6 & 1 \\ 0 & 7 & -2 \\ 0 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: \operatorname{LXX}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -6 & 5 \\ -3 & -3 & 5 \\ -2 & -8 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXI
M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -3 & -3 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ (b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -3 & 3 \\ -6 & 4 & -6 \\ -6 & 3 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \\ (c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -4 \\ -4 & -5 & 4 \\ -7 & -7 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ (b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array} (b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -4 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & 2 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 8 & -2 & -4 \\ -4 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & -6 \\ -3 & -7 & 6 \\ -5 & -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -5 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: \operatorname{LXXX}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & -6 \\ 1 & -3 & 6 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXXI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & -4 \\ -6 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -8 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : LXXXII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : LXXXIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 5 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXXIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : LXXXV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{ll} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 $\operatorname{SetId}: \operatorname{LXXXVI}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 5 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 & -5 \\ 5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXXVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 6 \\ -6 & -5 & -6 \\ 6 & 6 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXXVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: LXXXIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & -6 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XC

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 5 & -1 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & -6 \\ -2 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 8 & -8 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -8 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 \\ -5 & -5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} (a) & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -6 & -6 \\ 0 & 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{cccc} (b) & \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) & \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{cccc} (c) & \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} (a) & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ -9 & 1 & -3 \\ 9 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) & \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{ccccc} (b) & \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) & \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ -4 & 6 & -4 \\ -1 & -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -5 & 3\\ 1 & -4 & 3\\ 3 & -9 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0\\ -2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7\\ 1 & -3 & 1\\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2\\ 4 & -1 & -2\\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1\\ 2 & -1 & -2\\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 & -3 \\ -4 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & -8 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: XCIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 8 & -2 & -4 \\ -4 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: C

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 & -1 \\ -5 & 1 & -5 \\ 4 & 4 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \\ -2 & 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & -2 \\ -3 & -3 & -6 \\ 7 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & 1 \\ -4 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -2 \\ -4 & -2 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ -6 & 2 & -2 \\ 6 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ -5 & -6 & -7 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ (b) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CVII
M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 & -1 \\ -4 & -4 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & -3 \\ 7 & 9 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \\ (b) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 \\ -3 & 4 & 1 \\ 3 & -5 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & -6 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & -2 \\ -6 & -6 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CXII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -6 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 8 & -8 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 5 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CXIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & -6 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & 6 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CXV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -6 & 6 & -6 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CXVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 6 & -1 & 0 \\ -3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & -2 \\ -5 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -6 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & -2 \\ 6 & 6 & -6 \\ 6 & 4 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CXIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 6 \\ -2 & 3 & -2 \\ -3 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -4 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CXX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 & -5 \\ -2 & -2 & 5 \\ -4 & -4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 8 & -2 & -4 \\ -4 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 6 & 3 \\ -4 & -7 & -2 \\ -6 & -6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -7 & -7 \\ 4 & -7 & -7 \\ -4 & 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & 2 \\ -5 & 1 & -5 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & -2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (b) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 6 \\ -6 & -7 & 4 \\ -3 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 6 \\ -2 & 2 & -7 \\ -2 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 6 & 6 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 5 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 & -5 \\ 5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 8 & 7 & -2 \\ -2 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -6 & -4 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXXI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 5 & -3 \\ -1 & -2 & 3 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & -6 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXXII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -8 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 \\ -2 & 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXXIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -7 & -7 \\ 4 & -6 & -7 \\ -4 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 8 & -8 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXXIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -6 & -6 \\ 3 & -4 & -6 \\ -3 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXXV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -3 & 3 \\ -1 & 3 & -3 \\ -3 & 3 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & 6 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 ${\rm SetId}{:}\,{\rm CXXXVI}$

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$\begin{array}{l} (a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & -6 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ (d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} (b) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ (e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} (c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXXVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -8 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXXVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 6 \\ -6 & -7 & 6 \\ -3 & 0 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -6 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXXXIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & -1 \\ -3 & 0 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CXL

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 & -2 \\ -5 & -1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -4 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 8 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 & -6 \\ -4 & -2 & 4 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 8 & -2 & -4 \\ -4 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 6 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 & 0 \\ -7 & -1 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLIII
M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (b) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (e) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & -1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLIV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -7 & -1 \\ 4 & -4 & -2 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLV

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & -6 \\ 7 & -1 & -6 \\ 4 & 0 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -8 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 \\ -4 & -6 & 6 \\ -3 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLVI

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 & -3 \\ -6 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLVII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 6 & 0 \\ -2 & -2 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 8 & -4 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLVIII

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -7 & -7 \\ 6 & -6 & -7 \\ -6 & 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

SetId: CXLIX

M.Sc. Ist Semester 2015-16

A. K. Kapoor email:akkhcu@gmail.com (Due on August 5, 2015)

Assignment -I

Mathematical Physics

MM: 20

- [1] Find eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the following matrices and verify the following statements.
 - The first matrix has three distinct eigenvalues.
 - The second matrix has two distinct characteristic roots and three linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - the third matrix has two different eigenvalues and only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fourth matrix are equal and it has only two linearly independent eigenvectors.
 - All the three eigenvalues of the fifth matrix are equal and it has only one linearly independent eigenvector.

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -6 & 6 \\ -1 & 2 & -4 \\ -5 & 5 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 5 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 & -5 \\ 5 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [2] Give an example of a 3×3 matrix which has three linearly independent eigenvectors and all three eigenvectors correspond to eigenvalue 1.
- [3] Which of the above five matrices can be diagonalized? Give reasons to support your answer.

 SetId : CL

[1] Answers for Set No: I

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{3, -2, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3,\{0,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-3,\{1,0,0\}\} \quad \{-1,\{2,0,1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$$

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[2] Answers for Set No: II

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{6, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{6, \{1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 2, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-3, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

[3] Answers for Set No: III

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-3, 2, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

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[4] Answers for Set No: IV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-5,-3,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-5, \{-5, -3, 4\}\} \quad \{-3, \{-2, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

[5] Answers for Set No: V

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 2, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

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[6] Answers for Set No: VI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4,1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-4, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-2, 3, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{-2, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$ $\{-1, \{2, -3, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[7] Answers for Set No: VII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{7, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{7, \{1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{3, -2, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{3, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, -1, 3\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

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[8] Answers for Set No: VIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-1,\{3,-2,1\}\} \quad \{0,\{-1,1,0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[9] Answers for Set No: IX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 2, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{-3, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[10] Answers for Set No: X

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4,-3,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-4, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{-2, 1, 3\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[11] Answers for Set No: XI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-2, -2, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-7, -6, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[12] Answers for Set No: XII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{5, \{-2, -2, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-2, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$

[13] Answers for Set No: XIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4,-3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-3, -1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

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[14] Answers for Set No: XIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{2,\{-1,1,0\}\} \quad \{0,\{3,-2,1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

[15] Answers for Set No: XV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-5, -3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-5, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{-3, 1, 3\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,2,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, -1, 3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2,\{2,1,1\}\}$

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[16] Answers for Set No: XVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{3, -2, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{3, -2, 3\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, -2, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

[17] Answers for Set No: XVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-2, 1, 3\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[18] Answers for Set No: XVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{5,\{1,1,1\}\} \quad \{1,\{0,-1,1\}\} \quad \{0,\{1,-1,2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 3\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{4, 3, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

[19] Answers for Set No: XIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-2,-2,1\}\} \quad \{-1,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{0,\{-2,-1,1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}\$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,1,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[20] Answers for Set No: XX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{5, \{1, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{3, -2, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{3,\{0,1,0\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,-1,2\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[21] Answers for Set No: XXI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 2, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[22] Answers for Set No: XXII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{-2, 3, 1\}\}$ $\{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[23] Answers for Set No: XXIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{5, -3, 3\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-3, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, -1, 3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$$

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[24] Answers for Set No: XXIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-5,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-5, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 2, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

[25] Answers for Set No: XXV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{-3, 2, 6\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

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[26] Answers for Set No: XXVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

[27] Answers for Set No: XXVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-2, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, -3, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2,\{2,1,2\}\}$

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[28] Answers for Set No: XXVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3,\{1,1,1\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,1,2\}\} \quad \{0,\{1,2,3\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{3, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[29] Answers for Set No: XXIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-2, 2, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,0,2\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

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[30] Answers for Set No: XXX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4,-2,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-4, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{-3, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[31] Answers for Set No: XXXI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4, 3, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-4, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 3, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[32] Answers for Set No: XXXII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-4, \{-1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[33] Answers for Set No: XXXIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-3, -4, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector (s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[34] Answers for Set No: XXXIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{-3, -4, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1,\{0,-1,2\}\} \quad \{1,\{1,0,0\}\} \quad \{0,\{-3,-1,1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3,\{-1,2,0\}\}$

[35] Answers for Set No: XXXV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 3, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

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[36] Answers for Set No: XXXVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{-2, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$ $\{1, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

[37] Answers for Set No: XXXVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{7, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{7, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-2, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 2, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{0, -2, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

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[38] Answers for Set No: XXXVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,1,0\}\} \quad \{0,\{-2,-1,2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

[39] Answers for Set No: XXXIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{5, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-2, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,0,3\}\} \quad \{3,\{4,3,0\}\} \quad \{2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[40] Answers for Set No: XL

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{-1, 2, 3\}\}$ $\{2, \{-3, 5, 6\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

[41] Answers for Set No: XLI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{5, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{-2, 2, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, -1, 2\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[42] Answers for Set No: XLII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[43] Answers for Set No: XLIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-5, -3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-5, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-3, \{-1, -3, 3\}\}$ $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[44] Answers for Set No: XLIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{4,\{-2,-2,1\}\} \hspace{0.1in} \{2,\{-2,-1,2\}\} \hspace{0.1in} \{-1,\{-1,0,1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-3, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[45] Answers for Set No: XLV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(b)~ The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$$

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[46] Answers for Set No: XLVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-1,2,1\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,1,0\}\} \quad \{0,\{-1,1,1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

[47] Answers for Set No: XLVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

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[48] Answers for Set No: XLVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 2, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, -3, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

[49] Answers for Set No: XLIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{3, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

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[50] Answers for Set No: L

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,2,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-2, 2, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$ $\{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[51] Answers for Set No: LI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{0, 1, 0\}\} = \{1, \{1, 1, 1\}\} = \{0, \{3, 3, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{-3, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

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[52] Answers for Set No: LII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{1, 2, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{3, 6, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[53] Answers for Set No: LIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 1, 0\}\}\$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[54] Answers for Set No: LIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4,2,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-4, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[55] Answers for Set No: LV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 3, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{1, 2, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{-3, -1, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[56] Answers for Set No: LVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-3, -4, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$

[57] Answers for Set No: LVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-3, -4, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,2,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

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[58] Answers for Set No: LVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{3, -2, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 2, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{0, -2, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
[59] Answers for Set No: LIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-3, 1, 3\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

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[60] Answers for Set No: LX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{5, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 3\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{4, 3, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

[61] Answers for Set No: LXI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}\$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[62] Answers for Set No: LXII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4,3,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-4, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{3,\{0,1,0\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,-1,2\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

[63] Answers for Set No: LXIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-2, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[64] Answers for Set No: LXIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{7,3,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{7, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{3, \{-2, 3, 1\}\}$ $\{-1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[65] Answers for Set No: LXV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{5, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-2, 3, 1\}\}$ $\{-1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-3, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[66] Answers for Set No: LXVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{4,\{0,1,0\}\} \quad \{2,\{-1,6,3\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,3,2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[67] Answers for Set No: LXVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-2, \{1, -2, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, -3, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$$

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[68] Answers for Set No: LXVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4,3,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-4, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-2, 3, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

[69] Answers for Set No: LXIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2,\{1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,2,0\}\} \quad \{-1,\{2,-3,1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

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[70] Answers for Set No: LXX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4,3,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{4, \{3, 2, 3\}\} \quad \{3, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{3, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

[71] Answers for Set No: LXXI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 2, 3\}\}$ $\{-1, \{1, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,0,2\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

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[72] Answers for Set No: LXXII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3,\{1,1,0\}\} \hspace{0.1in} \{1,\{0,-1,1\}\} \hspace{0.1in} \{0,\{-1,-1,1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{-3, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[73] Answers for Set No: LXXIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-3, 8, 7\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 3, 3\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

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[74] Answers for Set No: LXXIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[75] Answers for Set No: LXXV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[76] Answers for Set No: LXXVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{4, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1,\{0,-1,2\}\} \quad \{1,\{1,0,0\}\} \quad \{0,\{-3,-1,1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[77] Answers for Set No: LXXVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4,3,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-4, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[78] Answers for Set No: LXXVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-2, -2, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$$

[79] Answers for Set No: LXXIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 3, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{5, \{1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{1, -2, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{1, 0, 0\}\}\$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2,\{1,0,2\}\} \quad \{2,\{1,2,0\}\} \quad \{0,\{0,-2,1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

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[80] Answers for Set No: LXXX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4,-3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-4, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-3, \{-2, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

[81] Answers for Set No: LXXXI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-4, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-4, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-2, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 3\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{4, 3, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

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[82] Answers for Set No: LXXXII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 3, 4\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 3, 3\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

[83] Answers for Set No: LXXXIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{3,\{0,1,0\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,-1,2\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1,\{1,0,1\}\}$

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[84] Answers for Set No: LXXXIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{1, 2, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

[85] Answers for Set No: LXXXV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 2, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[86] Answers for Set No: LXXXVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{5, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{-2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-3, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[87] Answers for Set No: LXXXVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[88] Answers for Set No: LXXXVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-5,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-5, \{-2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-2, 2, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[89] Answers for Set No: LXXXIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$$

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[90] Answers for Set No: XC

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-1,1,1\}\} \quad \{2,\{-2,1,1\}\} \quad \{0,\{-1,1,0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, -3, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

[91] Answers for Set No: XCI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, -1, 3\}\} \quad \{-2, \{1, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{3, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

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[92] Answers for Set No: XCII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{-1, \{1, -3, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{1, -2, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$ $\{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

[93] Answers for Set No: XCIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{7, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{7, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{-3, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

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[94] Answers for Set No: XCIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 3, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{5,\{1,3,1\}\} \quad \{3,\{1,2,1\}\} \quad \{0,\{0,1,1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[95] Answers for Set No: XCV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, -3, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 1, 0\}\}\$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

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[96] Answers for Set No: XCVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{4, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-1, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, -3, 3\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[97] Answers for Set No: XCVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-2, -2, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-3, -1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[98] Answers for Set No: XCVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{1,1,2\}\} \quad \{1,\{1,2,3\}\} \quad \{0,\{1,1,1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[99] Answers for Set No: XCIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{1, -2, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, -2, 3\}\}$ $\{0, \{1, -1, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,2,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[100] Answers for Set No: C

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$ $\{1, \{-2, -1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2,\{1,0,2\}\} \quad \{2,\{1,2,0\}\} \quad \{0,\{0,-2,1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$

[101] Answers for Set No: CI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{6, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{6, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

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[102] Answers for Set No: CII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,1,2\}\} \quad \{2,\{-3,2,6\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,0,1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 3\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{4, 3, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

[103] Answers for Set No: CIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, -3, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, -3, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}\$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

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[104] Answers for Set No: CIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{4,\{-1,1,0\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{0,\{-2,-1,2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{3,\{0,1,0\}\} \quad \{1,\{-1,-1,2\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

[105] Answers for Set No: CV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 3, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{-2, 2, 1\}\}$ $\{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[106] Answers for Set No: CVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{4, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{2, \{-1, -3, 3\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, -1, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

[107] Answers for Set No: CVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, -3, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{1, -2, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3,\{-1,1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-3,0,2\}\} \quad \{-2,\{0,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[108] Answers for Set No: CVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{-2, -2, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[109] Answers for Set No: CIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[110] Answers for Set No: CX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{2, -1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[111] Answers for Set No: CXI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{0,-1,1\}\} \quad \{2,\{-1,-3,3\}\} \quad \{-1,\{-1,-1,2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, -3, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$$

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[112] Answers for Set No: CXII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{3,-2,3\}\} \quad \{2,\{3,-2,2\}\} \quad \{-1,\{-1,1,0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{3, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

[113] Answers for Set No: CXIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-2, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-3, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{-2, -1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,0,2\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

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[114] Answers for Set No: CXIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2,\{1,2,1\}\} \quad \{1,\{1,3,1\}\} \quad \{0,\{0,1,1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{-3, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

[115] Answers for Set No: CXV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{3, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, -1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

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[116] Answers for Set No: CXVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{6, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{6, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{3, 6, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{1, 2, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[117] Answers for Set No: CXVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 3, 0\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-2, -4, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-1, -3, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

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[118] Answers for Set No: CXVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$ $\{1, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1,\{0,-1,2\}\} \quad \{1,\{1,0,0\}\} \quad \{0,\{-3,-1,1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[119] Answers for Set No: CXIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 2, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{2, 3, 4\}\}$ $\{0, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[120] Answers for Set No: CXX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-2, -2, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-2, -1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[121] Answers for Set No: CXXI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{5, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-2, 3, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 2, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{0, -2, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[122] Answers for Set No: CXXII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{3, -2, 3\}\}$ $\{1, \{3, -2, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$

[123] Answers for Set No: CXXIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, -3, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,0,3\}\} \quad \{3,\{4,3,0\}\} \quad \{2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

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[124] Answers for Set No: CXXIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{6, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{6, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

[125] Answers for Set No: CXXV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-2, 2, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{-1, -1, 2\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

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[126] Answers for Set No: CXXVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}\$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

[127] Answers for Set No: CXXVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-7,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-7, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-1, 2, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 2, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[128] Answers for Set No: CXXVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2,\{0,1,0\}\} \hspace{0.1in} \{1,\{-2,3,1\}\} \hspace{0.1in} \{0,\{-3,4,2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3,\{-1,1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-3,0,2\}\} \quad \{-2,\{0,1,0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

[129] Answers for Set No: CXXIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{6, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{6, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-3, 4, 2\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[130] Answers for Set No: CXXX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{7, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{7, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{-3, 4, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$
[131] Answers for Set No: CXXXI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,1,2\}\} \quad \{-1,\{-1,1,1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[132] Answers for Set No: CXXXII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-2,1,1\}\} \quad \{2,\{-1,1,1\}\} \quad \{-1,\{-1,1,0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{-2, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$ $\{-1, \{2, -3, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[133] Answers for Set No: CXXXIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-2, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{-3, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{-2, -1, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{3, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$$

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[134] Answers for Set No: CXXXIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5,-2,1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{5, \{-1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, -1, 1\}\}\$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,0,2\}\} \quad \{-1,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

[135] Answers for Set No: CXXXV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{5, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{5, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{0, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{-3, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, -1, 3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

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[136] Answers for Set No: CXXXVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-3, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, 1, 1\}\}\$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 3, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$

[137] Answers for Set No: CXXXVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{3, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{2, -1, 1\}\}$ $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, 1, 0\}\}\$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

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[138] Answers for Set No: CXXXVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-2,1,1\}\} \hspace{0.1in} \{1,\{-1,1,1\}\} \hspace{0.1in} \{0,\{0,1,0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[139] Answers for Set No: CXXXIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-7,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-7, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 2, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 2, 1\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, -1, 2\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{-3, -1, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

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[140] Answers for Set No: CXL

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{-3,2,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{0, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-2, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{1, \{-2, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, 0, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$

[141] Answers for Set No: CXLI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,2,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{1, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-3,-3,-3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-3, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 0, 2\}\}$$

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[142] Answers for Set No: CXLII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{4, -3, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{5, -4, 2\}\} \quad \{0, \{2, -2, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{2, \{1, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{2, \{1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{0, \{0, -2, 1\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3,3,2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

[143] Answers for Set No: CXLIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, -2, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{2, -5, 3\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{1,0,1\}\}$$
 $\{2,\{1,-1,3\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 0, 1\}\} \{-2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[144] Answers for Set No: CXLIV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-1,1,0\}\} \quad \{1,\{1,-4,2\}\} \quad \{0,\{0,-1,1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 3\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{4, 3, 0\}\}$ $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 2, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{-2, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -3\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\}$

[145] Answers for Set No: CXLV

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{2, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{3, 2, 1\}\}$ $\{0, \{5, 4, 2\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}\$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-3, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{-1, 1, 1\}\}$

(d)~ The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$

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[146] Answers for Set No: CXLVI

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{2,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{3, 3, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{0, \{1, 1, 1\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$ $\{3, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$ $\{1, \{-1, -1, 2\}\}$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-2, \{-3, -1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$

[147] Answers for Set No: CXLVII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{4, 3, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{4, \{-1, -1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{3, \{-1, -3, 3\}\}$ $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{0, 0, 1\}\} \quad \{3, \{-1, 2, 0\}\} \quad \{2, \{-1, 1, 2\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 1, 2\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2,\{2,1,1\}\}$

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[148] Answers for Set No: CXLVIII

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 2, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{4,-2,1\}\} \quad \{2,\{3,-2,1\}\} \quad \{0,\{-1,1,0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -3, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{-3, \{1, 0, 0\}\} \quad \{-1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$$
 $\{0, \{2, 2, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{-1, -1, -1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-1, \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$
 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-2, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-2, \{2, 1, 2\}\}$

[149] Answers for Set No: CXLIX

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{7, 1, 0\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{7, \{-1, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{1, \{0, -1, 1\}\} \quad \{0, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{-3, -2, -2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{-3, \{-1, 1, 1\}\} \quad \{-2, \{-3, 0, 2\}\} \quad \{-2, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{2, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{2, \{-1, 1, 0\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{2, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{-1,-1,-1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{-1, \{1, 0, 1\}\}$

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[150] Answers for Set No: CL

(a) The eigenvalues are $\{3, -2, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{3,\{-3,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{0,1,1\}\} \quad \{1,\{1,1,0\}\}$

(b) The eigenvalues are $\{3,-2,-2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3,\{-1,-1,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{-1,0,1\}\} \quad \{-2,\{1,1,0\}\}$$

(c) The eigenvalues are $\{3, 3, 2\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{3, \{-1, -1, 1\}\}$$
 $\{2, \{1, 1, 0\}\}$

(d) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

$$\{1, \{2, 0, 1\}\}$$
 $\{1, \{0, 1, 0\}\}$

(e) The eigenvalues are $\{1, 1, 1\}$ and the eigenvector(s) are

 $\{1, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$